## Assessments Subcommittee review of Section 1111(B)(2) Assessments

The Subcommittee reviewed and discussed each element under the Assessments in Section 1111 of ESSA. Member comments and questions are reflected below. Text in red are subcommittee comments received on October 25. Subcommittee comments and discussion with BIE on 11/20/18 are noted in the right hand column by date. BIE revisions in left hand column are in response to subcommittee discussion are noted in track changes. Yellow highlights reflect places where the Committee noted further discussion is needed on 12/05/18. Areas where the committee consensus was reached are noted in the left column in bold. Cross-reference this document with the file named: "Assessments consensus and pending questions 120618 " to prepare the single text for assessments regulations.

(A) IN GENERAL. Each State plan shall demonstrate that the State state of Indian Education (BIE), in consultation	Note: Change State to BIE throughout.	
ducational agency, The Bureau of Indian Education (BIE), in consultation		
	Should Tribal Civic be included in assessments?	
vith local educational agencies, has implemented will implement a set of		
high quality student academic assessments in mathematics, reading or	Comments-	
anguage arts, and science. The State BIE retains the right to implement such		
ssessments in any other subject chosen by the StateBIE.	consult with all of the 'LEA's to ensure maximum participation, least	
Section 30.103 addresses the stakeholder engagement [120618]	burdensome to BIE?	
	Jim: BIE not a 'state' not sure the BIE plan is already developed.	
	Ensure "State" (BIE) consults with tribally controlled schools as LEAs (ps)	Formatted: Highlight
	<b>Questions-</b> Leslie: Need a definition of 'State' in order to move forward with draft regulations. Either cmt propose a definition. Or, a definition is provided to the cmt in order to move forward.	
	BIE acts as State is part of MOA between DoE and DoI (ps) Last sentence: Is it broad enough to stand but allow for diversity of implementation of LEAs?	
	<b>11/20/18 Subcommittee Questions</b> : What is the recourse if an LEA doesn't agree with the BIE? What will the consultation process look like since there are two types of LEAs – tribally controlled and Bureau operated? The regulations need to say this, make distinct. Also make distinct – stakeholder and state consultation on the 'state' plan. Section 8538 in ESSA governs LEA consultations that needs to be clear. Would language that states the LEA will provide a statement of concurrence/non-concurrence be an over-reach? If LEAs disagree , would the follow 100.297 administrative appeal process ?	
	BIE: When Sec prepares 'state' plan there will be a consultation process, but this is for tribes not LEAs. There will also be consultation on the draft	

	regulations. If DOI changes plan at any time it must go out to consultation. Action items for BIE: add language to the regulations that BIE will engage LEAs understanding that there are two types of LEAs. Action Item: Look up ESSA statute to draw language re consultation. Add potential language around what happens if an LEA disagrees.	
	<u>11-30-18 – Might be better to describe matters such as consultation</u> requirements elsewhere (such as 30.103) to apply globally rather than provide	
	for heightened processes for, say, assessments than standards.	
2(B) REQUIREMENTS.—The assessments under subparagraph (A) shall—		
(i) except as provided in subparagraph (D) Alternate Assessments, be-		
(I) the same academic assessments used to	11/20/18 Subcommittee Discussion	
measure the achievement of all public elementary school and secondary	Assessments language should mirror ED regulations regarding Native	
school <u>BIE-funded school</u> students in the State; and (II) administered to all allpublic elementary	American students and immersion schools. See discussion on page	
school and secondary schoolBIE-funded school students in the State;	Action Item for BIE: Should references to 'all public elementary schools'	
(ii) be aligned with the challenging State academic standards, and provide	change to BIE funded schools.	Formatted: Highlight
coherent and timely information about student attainment of such		
standards and whether the student is performing at the student's grade	In (ii) the State will provide coherent and timely information - this is the	
level;	responsibility of BIE correct? JH: It will be the BIE who does this -	
(iii) be used for purposes for which such assessments are valid and	BQ: Clarification: the context of the language is that the assessments	
reliable, consistent with relevant, nationally recognized professional and technical testing standards, objectively measure academic achievement,	themselves are meant to provide coherent and timely rather than an entity.	
knowledge, and skills, and be tests that do not evaluate or assess personal	Discuss in Waivers: Process question: if a tribe waives an assessment, is the	Formatted: Highlight
or family beliefs and attitudes, or publicly disclose personally identifiable	school required to use the existing assessment until the waiver is approved? JH:	 Tornaced. Fighinghe
information;	yes, usually the approval letters specify a timeline for the new system to kick in.	
(iv) be of adequate technical quality for each purpose required under this	What is the timeline for creating assessments? A: typically several years.	
Act and consistent with the requirements of this section, the evidence of		
which shall be made public, including on the <u>BIE</u> website of the State		
educational agency; Assessments and assessment schedule will be developed for Tribal Civics		
at the conclusion of the processes described in Section 30.103.		
(v)(I) in the case of mathematics and reading or language arts, be		
administered—		
(aa) in each of grades 3 through 8; and		
(bb) at least once in grades 9 through 12;		
(II) in the case of science, be administered not less than one time		
during— (aa) grades 3 through 5;		
(aa) grades 5 through 5; (bb) grades 6 through 9; and		
(cc) grades 10 through 12; and		
<ul> <li>(III) <u>Tribal Civics assessments and assessment schedule will be</u></li> </ul>		

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developed at the conclusion of the processes described in Section 30.103. [consensus 120618] in the case of any other subject chosen by the StateBIE, be administered	Re: (vi) What are multiple up to date measures? Who develops these is it the BIE or the LEA? If BIE is doing for BIE funded schools then BIE will do this, likely using a	
at the discretion of the StateBIE;	contractor.	
(vi) involve multiple up-to-date measures of student academic	If a tribe decides to waive and do its own assessments – then raises questions about who is responsible for creating those new assessments. Look at other	Formatted: Highlight
achievement, including measures that assess higher-order thinking skills and understanding, which may include measures of student academic	entities such as ED on innovative assessment projects. Or look at states that did	
growth and may be partially delivered in the form of portfolios, projects,	other assessments and how resourced. Keep regulations broad and not over	
or extended performance tasks;	burden the tribes.	
(vii) provide for—		
(I) the participation in such assessments of all students;	Action item for BIE: Consider moving waiver language up to the 'general'	Formatted: Highlight
(II) the appropriate accommodations, such as interoperability with, and	section and make clear if a waiver is done it is responsibility of tribe /governing school board.	
ability to use, assistive technology, for children with disabilities (as defined in section 602(3) of the Individuals with Disabilities Education	School board.	
Act (20 U.S.C. 1401(3))), including students with the most significant		
cognitive disabilities, and students with a disability who are provided		
accommodations under an Act other than the Individuals with		
Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq.), necessary to		
measure the academic achievement of such children relative to the		
challenging State academic standards or alternate academic achievement		
standards described in paragraph (1)(E); and (III) the inclusion of		
English learners, who shall be assessed in a valid and reliable manner and provided appropriate accommodations on assessments administered		
to such students under		
this paragraph, including, to the extent practicable, assessments in the		
language and form most likely to yield accurate data on what such		
students know and can do in academic content areas, until such students		
have achieved English language proficiency, as determined under		
subparagraph (G);		
(viii) at the <u>State's BIE's</u> discretion— (I) be administered through a single summative assessment; or		
(II) be administered through multiple statewide interim assessments		
during the course of the academic year that result in a single summative		
score that provides valid, reliable, and transparent information on		
student achievement or growth;		
(ix)(aa) notwithstanding clause (vii)(III), provide for assessments (using		
tests in English) of reading or language arts of any student who has		
attended school in the United States (not including the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico) for 3 or more consecutive school years, except that if the		
local educational agency determines, on a case-by-case individual basis,		
that academic assessments in another language or form would likely yield		
more accurate and reliable information on what such student knows and		
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can do, the local educational agency may make a determination to assess	
such student in the appropriate language other than English for a period that does not exceed 2 additional consecutive years, provided that such	
student has not yet reached a level of English language proficiency	
sufficient to yield valid and reliable information on what such student	Questions from 10/29/18 or prior subcmt calls.
knows and can do on tests (written in English) of reading or language arts;	Section (vi) 'partially' delivered. Is partially defined in ESSA? Important to
(x) produce individual student interpretive, descriptive, and diagnostic	clarify for administration of assessments by LEAs. <u>Assessment subcommittee:</u>
reports, consistent with clause (iii), regarding achievement on such	No, partially delivered is not defined in the law, BIE define what 'partially'
assessments that allow parents, teachers, principals, and other school	means,
leaders to understand and address the specific academic needs of students,	incaris.
and that are provided to parents, teachers, and school leaders, as soon as is	Are there valid, reliable assessments for reading/language arts and mathematics
practicable after the assessment is given, in an understandable and uniform	
format, and to the extent practicable, in a language that parents can	assessments.
understand;	assessments.
(bb) Students who are attending schools in a Native American	What resources are available for LEAs to develop these assessments? (Don't
language or program.	need to put in regulations but flag for awareness of the need for the BIE to
(xi) enable results to be disaggregated within each State, local educational	provide TA.)
agency, and school by—	
(I) each major racial and ethnic group;	I think the law says that assessments for math/ELA and science must still be
(II) economically disadvantaged students as	assessed only in the native language, is this correct? (ps)
compared to students who are not economically disadvantaged;	
(III) children with disabilities as compared to children without	Propose: Section 2(B) (ix) add [to regulations] : "Students who are attending
disabilities;	schools in a Native American language or program" (i.e., immersion school).
(IV) English proficiency status;	Helps align with civil rights aspect of ESSA. Something similar is in ESSA ED
(V) gender; and	Regs 200.6 includes a definition of Native Language or immersion programs
(VI) migrant status,	
except that such disaggregation shall not be required in the case of a State,	11/20/18 Subcommittee Discussion:
local educational agency, or a school in which the number of students in a	Action item for BIE: make (bb) a new subparagraph e.g., (xiv) defining native
subgroup is insufficient to yield statistically reliable information or the	languages and programs (draw from DEPT ED language)
results would reveal personally identifiable information about an	
individual student;	Discussion: concern about how assessments are funded. Need to look at big
(xii) enable itemized score analyses to be produced and reported,	picture, number of schools, programs that are immersion schools is small, not
consistent with clause (iii), to local educational agencies and schools, so	all 500+ tribes. Would serve the bureau well to create language here for the
that parents, teachers, principals, other school leaders, and administrators	immersion language.
can interpret and address the specific academic needs of students as	ED regulations – define immersion school language as 51% of school day.
indicated by the students' achievement on assessment items; and	
(xiii) be developed, to the extent practicable, using the principles of	Where do we get the information on UDL?
universal design for learning.	A: Should be on BIE NRM website. Action Item for Sarah: share information
(xiv) (I) except as provided in paragraph (xiv)(II) of this section, the BIE	about UDL and website link provided by BIE. See the following posted on the
is not required to assess, using an assessment written in English, student achievement in meeting the challenging State academic standards in	BIE NRM webpage:
achievement in meeting the challenging State academic standards in	
reading/language arts, mathematics, or science for a student who is	• ESSA-UDL-Final

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enrolled in a school or program that provides instruction primarily in a Native American language if – (aa) the BIE provides such an assessment	• <u>Universal Design for Learning in ESSA</u>
in the Native American language to all students in the school or program, consistent with the requirements of 34 CFR 200.2; (bb) for an English learner, as defined in section 8101(20)(C)(ii) of the Act, the BIE continues to assess the English language proficiency assessment, and provides	And: <u>https://iris.peabody.vanderbilt.edu/module/udl/</u>
appropriate services to enable him or her to attain proficiency in English. (II) the BIE must assess using assessments written in English, the achievement of each student enrolled in such school or program in meeting the challenging State academic standards in reading/language arts, at a minimum, at least once in grades 9 through 12.	Section (xi) N-size is critical, how do we write the rule that allows for N size that is meaningful. - <u>Assessment subcommittee: Assigned to accountability group. Note:</u> <u>Address both accountability and reporting.</u>
	<u>11-30-18 – language on English language assessments at immersion schools</u> from 34 CFR 200.6(j)-(k) edited. Note: peer review may or may not be required depending on the content of the new MOA with ED. As such language in the Department of Education's regulation on a requirement for peer review was removed from here. If the Committee wants to include peer review in its recommendation on a rule, make sure that a peer review requirement appears consistently throughout.
2(C) Exception for Advance Mathematics in Middle School - <u>A StateThe</u>	No comments
BIE may exempt any 8th grade student from the assessment in mathematics described in subparagraph (B)(v)(I)(aa) if— (i) such student takes the end-of-course assessment the State-BIE typically administers to meet the requirements of subparagraph (B)(v)(I)(bb) in mathematica	Ensure State (BIE) maintains the option to exempt (ps): <u>Assessment subcommittee: Yes, will maintain.</u>
subparagraph (B)(v)(I)(bb) in mathematics; (ii) such student's achievement on such end-of-course assessment is used for purposes of subsection (c)(4)(B)(i), in lieu of such student's achievement on the mathematics assessment required under subparagraph	Lora – How captured in accountability? <u>12-02-18 – Was this matter addressed/answered sufficiently?</u>

Redlines as of December 6, 2108

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<ul> <li>(B)(v)(I)(aa), and such student is counted as participating in the assessment for purposes of subsection (c)(4)(B)(vi); and</li> <li>(iii) in high school, such student takes a mathematics assessment pursuant to subparagraph</li> <li>(B)(v)(I)(bb) that— <ul> <li>(I) is any end-of-course assessment or other assessment that is more advanced than the assessment taken by such student under clause (i) of this subparagraph; and</li> <li>(II) shall be used to measure such student's academic achievement for purposes of subsection</li> <li>(c)(4)(B)(i).</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
2(D) Alternate Assessments for Student with the Most Significant Cognitive	
2(D) Alternate Assessments for Student with the Most Significant Cognitive Disabilities –	
(i) ALTERNATE ASSESSMENTS ALIGNED WITH ALTERNATE	
ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT STANDARDS.— <u>A State</u>	
may The BIE will provide for alternate assessments aligned with	
the challenging State academic standards and alternate academic	
achievement standards described in paragraph $(1)(E)$ for students with the	
most significant cognitive disabilities, if the StateBIE—	
(I) consistent with clause (ii), ensures that, for	
each subject, the total number of students assessed in such subject using	
the alternate assessments does not exceed 1 percent of the total number	
of all students in the State-BIE-funded school system who are assessed	
in such subject;	
(II) ensures that the parents of such students	
are clearly informed, as part of the process for developing the	
individualized education program (as defined in section 614(d)(1)(A) of	
the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C.	
1414(d)(1)(A)))—	
(aa) that their child's academic achievement	
will be measured based on such alternate	
standards; and	
(bb) how participation in such assessments	
may delay or otherwise affect the student	
from completing the requirements for a	
regular high school diploma;	
(III) promotes, consistent with the Individuals	
with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq.), the	
involvement and progress of students with the most significant cognitive	
disabilities in the general education curriculum;	

<ul> <li>(IV) describes in the State plan the steps the State has taken to incorporate universal design for learning, to the extent feasible, in alternate assessments;</li> <li>(V) describes in the State plan that general and special education teachers, and other appropriate staff— <ul> <li>(aa) know how to administer the alternate assessments; and</li> <li>(bb) make appropriate use of accommodations for students with disabilities on all assessments required under this paragraph;</li> <li>(VI) develops, disseminates information on, and promotes the use of appropriate commodations to increase the number of students with significant cognitive disabilities— <ul> <li>(aa) participating in academic instruction and assessments for the grade level in which the student is enrolled; and</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>
for learning, to the extent feasible, in alternate assessments; (V) describes in the State plan that general and special education teachers, and other appropriate staff— (aa) know how to administer the alternate assessments; and (bb) make appropriate use of accommodations for students with disabilities on all assessments required under this paragraph; (VI) develops, disseminates information on, and promotes the use of appropriate accommodations to increase the number of students with significant cognitive disabilities— (aa) participating in academic instruction and assessments for the grade level in which the student is enrolled; and
for learning, to the extent feasible, in alternate assessments; (V) describes in the State plan that general and special education teachers, and other appropriate staff— (aa) know how to administer the alternate assessments; and (bb) make appropriate use of accommodations for students with disabilities on all assessments required under this paragraph; (VI) develops, disseminates information on, and promotes the use of appropriate accommodations to increase the number of students with significant cognitive disabilities— (aa) participating in academic instruction and assessments for the grade level in which the student is enrolled; and
teachers, and other appropriate staff— (aa) know how to administer the alternate assessments; and (bb) make appropriate use of accommodations for students with disabilities on all assessments required under this paragraph; (VI) develops, disseminates information on, and promotes the use of appropriate accommodations to increase the number of students with significant cognitive disabilities— (aa) participating in academic instruction and assessments for the grade level in which the student is enrolled; and
teachers, and other appropriate staff— (aa) know how to administer the alternate assessments; and (bb) make appropriate use of accommodations for students with disabilities on all assessments required under this paragraph; (VI) develops, disseminates information on, and promotes the use of appropriate accommodations to increase the number of students with significant cognitive disabilities— (aa) participating in academic instruction and assessments for the grade level in which the student is enrolled; and
staff— (aa) know how to administer the alternate assessments; and (bb) make appropriate use of accommodations for students with disabilities on all assessments required under this paragraph; (VI) develops, disseminates information on, and promotes the use of appropriate accommodations to increase the number of students with significant cognitive disabilities— (aa) participating in academic instruction and assessments for the grade level in which the student is enrolled; and
<ul> <li>(bb) make appropriate use of accommodations for students with disabilities on all assessments required under this paragraph;</li> <li>(VI) develops, disseminates information on, and promotes the use of appropriate accommodations to increase the number of students with significant cognitive disabilities— <ul> <li>(aa) participating in academic instruction and assessments for the grade level in which the student is enrolled; and</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
disabilities on all assessments required under this paragraph; (VI) develops, disseminates information on, and promotes the use of appropriate accommodations to increase the number of students with significant cognitive disabilities— (aa) participating in academic instruction and assessments for the grade level in which the student is enrolled; and
disabilities on all assessments required under this paragraph; (VI) develops, disseminates information on, and promotes the use of appropriate accommodations to increase the number of students with significant cognitive disabilities— (aa) participating in academic instruction and assessments for the grade level in which the student is enrolled; and
and promotes the use of appropriate accommodations to increase the number of students with significant cognitive disabilities— (aa) participating in academic instruction and assessments for the grade level in which the student is enrolled; and
number of students with significant cognitive disabilities— (aa) participating in academic instruction and assessments for the grade level in which the student is enrolled; and
(aa) participating in academic instruction and assessments for the grade level in which the student is enrolled; and
level in which the student is enrolled; and
(bb) who are tested based on challenging State academic standards for
the grade level in which the student is enrolled; and
(VII) does not preclude a student with the most significant cognitive
disabilities who takes an alternate assessment based on alternate
academic achievement standards from attempting to complete the
requirements for a regular high school diploma.
(ii) SPECIAL RULES.—
(I) RESPONSIBILITY UNDER IDEA.—Subject to the authority and
requirements for the individualized education program team for a child
with a disability under section 614(d)(1)(A)(i)(VI)(bb)of the Individuals
with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1414(d)(1)(A)(i)(VI)(bb)),
such team, consistent with the guidelines established by the State-BIE
and required under section 612(a)(16)(C) of such Act (20 U.S.C.
1412(c)(16)(C)) and clause (i)(II) of this subparagraph, shall determine
when a child with a significant cognitive disability shall participate in an
alternate assessment aligned with the alternate academic achievement
standards.
(II) PROHIBITION ON LOCAL CAP.—Nothing in this subparagraph
shall be construed to permit the BIE to impose the Secretary or a State
educational agency to impose on any local educational agency a cap on
the percentage of students administered an alternate assessment under What would the LEA need to present to BIE if it exceeded the 1% cap. Put in Formatted: Highlight
this subparagraph, except that a local educational agencyBIE-funded BIE plan or in regulation?
school exceeding the cap applied to the State BIE under clause (i)(I) Assessment subcommittee: The LEA might exceed the 1% cap, but the
shall submit information to the State educational agency BIE justifying State/BIE cannot, and would want to talk to the LEA a y exceeding 1%.
the need to exceed such cap.
(III) STATE BIE SUPPORT. — A State The BIE shall provide
appropriate oversight, as determined by the StateBIE, of any local Questions-
educational agencyBIE-funded school that is required to submit Section2D.(ii).II - Prohibition on the local cap – Is there a regulation that needs

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information to the <u>State BIE</u> under subclause(II). (IV) WAIVER AUTHORITY. This subparagraph shall be subject to the waiver authority under section 8401.	to be written to clarify what is needed for justifying the need to exceed the cap? Need to make sure that there is not a non-response situation. Is it clear how to apply for a waiver for a cap? Will the BIE Plan include steps for this process to make it clear?	
	Action Item: BIE confirm that this is part of the BIE Plan.	
<ul> <li>2(E) State Authority — If a State educational agency provides evidence, which is satisfactory to the Secretary, that neither the State educational agency nor any other State government official, agency, or entity has sufficient authority, under State law, to adopt challenging State academic standards, and academic assessments aligned with such standards, which will be applicable to all students enrolled in the State's public elementary schools and secondary schools, then the State educational agency may meet the requirements of this subsection by — <ul> <li>(i) adopting academic standards and academic assessments that meet the requirements of this subsection, on a statewide basis, and limiting their applicability to students served under this part; or</li> <li>(ii) adopting and implementing policies that ensure that each local educational agency in the State</li> <li>that each local educational agency in the State</li> <li>that receives grants under this part will adopt academic content and student academic achievement standards, and academic assessments aligned with such standards, which — <ul> <li>(I) meet all of the criteria in this subsection and any regulations regarding such standards and assessments that the Secretary may publish; and</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>	Questions-         2(E) Does this section apply to BIE? What does this section mean? (Action Item: ask BIE and Brian Quint)         Assessment committee & Brian Q: No, the BIE has authority to adopt under section 8204.         Also, renumbering required.	
(II) are applicable to all students served by each such local educational agency.		
<ul> <li>2(F) Language Assessments –</li> <li>(i) IN GENERAL. <u>Each State plan</u> shall identify the languages other than English that are present to a significant extent in the participating student population of the State and indicate the languages for which annual</li> </ul>	<b>Comments-</b> Section 2(F) Language Assessments - How do we consider Native languages? Also civil rights assurance that Native languages are attended to	Formatted: Highlight
student academic assessments are not available and are needed. <u>The BIE</u> will define a methodology to identify the languages other than English that are present to a significant extent in the participating student population.	<b>Questions-</b> Section 2F(i): What is the State in this case? What does 'present to a significant extent' mean? <u>Assessment subcommittee: "State" is BIE.</u>	Formatted: Highlight
<ul> <li>(ii) SECRETARIAL ASSISTANCE.—The State Bureau of Indian Education shall make every effort to develop such assessments and may request assistance from the Secretary of Education if linguistically accessible academic assessment measures are needed. Upon request, the Secretary of Education shall assist with the identification of appropriate academic assessment measures in the needed languages but shall not</li> </ul>	What are our student populations that we are drawing from? <u>Assess. Sub.: BIE</u> <u>needs to define grades included.</u> How are numbers being identified?	
academic assessment measures in the needed languages, but shall not mandate a specific academic assessment or mode of instruction.	Is the Sec ED able to provide this type of TA to LEAs?	

2(G) Assessments of English Language Proficiency –       (i) IN GENERAL.—Each State plan shall demonstrate       Ensure BIE allows LEAs tribally controlled schools as LEAs to determine the         (i) IN GENERAL.—Each State plan shall demonstrate       that local educational agencies in the StateThe BIE will ensure that BIE-funded schools       Ensure BIE allows LEAs tribally controlled schools as LEAs to determine the         will provide for an annual assessment of English proficiency of all English       Ensure BIE allows LEAs tribally controlled schools as LEAs to determine the         will provide for an annual assessment of English proficiency of all English       Ensure BIE allows LEAs tribally controlled schools as LEAs to determine the         (ii) ALIGNMENT.—The assessments described in clause (i) shall be       aligned with the State's-BIE's English language proficiency standards         described in paragraph (1)(F).       Ensure the regulations ensure language that allow for waivers for EL         2(H) Locally Selected Assessment ASSESSMENT.—       Comments-         (i) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this paragraph shall       Formatted: Highl         be construed to prohibit a local educational agency tribal governing body       There are rights here for LEA's—         Yershool board from administering a locally-selected assessment in lieu of the StateBIE-designed academic assessment under subclause (I)(bb) and       Assess. Sub: BIE-funded schools are LEAs in BIE system. So it would be the tribal governing body or school board that would exercise this option for	ght
(i) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this paragraph shall       There are rights here for LEA's.—         be construed to prohibit a local educational agency_tribal governing body       Assess. Sub: BIE-funded schools are LEAs in BIE system. So it would be the	
be construed to prohibit a local educational agency_tribal governing body or school board from administering a locally-selected assessment in lieu of Assess. Sub: BIE-funded schools are LEAs in BIE system. So it would be the	
or school board from administering a locally-selected assessment in lieu of Assess. Sub: BIE-funded schools are LEAs in BIE system. So it would be the	
subclause (II)(cc) of subparagraph (B)(v), if the local educational agency	
selects a nationally-recognized high school academic assessment that has	
been approved for use by the State BIE as described in clause (iii) or (iv) Ensure "State" (BIE) allows LEAs (tcs) option for portfolio, presentations, etc.	
of this subparagraph. (ps)	
(ii) <u>STATE-BIE</u> TECHNICAL CRITERIA.—To allow for	
State-BIE approval of nationally-recognized high school academic assessments that are available for local selection under clause (i), #       Questions-         Section 2(H) Locally Selected Assessments Is there enough information for an	
State the BIE educational agency shall establish technical criteria to LEA to implement this option? <u>AC: Subcommittee will explore ED regs.</u>	
determine if any such assessment meets the requirements of clause (v). because they clarified information on this topic. See 200.3.	
(iii) STATE BIE APPROVAL.—If a State educational agencythe BIE	
chooses to make a nationally-recognize high school assessment available	
for selection by a local educational agencytribally governing body or What LEA assessments are currently being used? <u>AC: ACT and SAT.</u>	
school board under clause (i), which has not already been approved under this clause, such State educational agencythe BIE shall—       What are the BIE tasks to administer this section, is it clear enough [in the	
(I) conduct a review of the assessment to determine if such assessment [regulations]?	
meets or exceeds the technical criteria established by the State	
educational agencyBIE under clause (ii); 11/20/18	
(II) submit evidence in accordance with subsection (a)(4) that <b>Subcmt Discussion</b> :	
demonstrates such assessment meets the requirements of clause (v); and If a tribe/School board want to use ACT they could, recent studies suggest it is	
(III) after fulfilling the requirements of subclauses (I) and (II), approve not well aligned with State standards (there is partial alignment). Don't limit	
such assessment for selection and use by any tribally governing body or school board local educational agency that requests to use such regulatory language to a type of assessment. What are the other assessments aside from ACT, SAT? E.g., NAEP what is aligned to? (Possible question for	
assessment under clause (i).	
(iv) tribally governing body or school board LOCAL EDUCATIONAL enough.	
AGENCY-OPTION.— See <u>https://www.air.org/news/press-release/new-study-examines-alignment-</u>	
(I) tribally governing body or school board LOCAL EDUCATIONAL between-naep-and-common-core-state-standards-4th-8th from Jim Hastings.	

AGENCY.—If a tribally governing body or school board local		
educational agency chooses to submit a nationally recognized high	12-02-18. This section on locally-selected assessments might be redundant and	Formatted: Highlight
school academic assessment to the State educational agencyBIE, subject	possibly in conflict with the statutory provisions on the waiver/alternative	
to the approval process described in subclause (I) and subclause (II) of	proposal process in section 8204(c)(2). Recommend deletion.	
clause (iii) to determine if such assessment fulfills the requirements of		
clause (v), the State educational agencyBIE may approve the use of such	Discuss further – useful tool, option for LEAs. May be redundant but provides	Formatted: Highlight
assessment consistent with clause (i).	useful process guidance. Consider moving to waivers? Or reference here and	
(II) STATE EDUCATIONAL AGENCY <u>BIE</u> .—Upon such approval, the	link to the waivers.	
State educational agencyBIE shall approve the use of such assessment in		
any other tribally governing body or school board local educational		
agency in the State that subsequently requests to use such assessment		
without repeating the process described in subclauses (I) and (II) of		
clause (iii).		
(v) REQUIREMENTS.—To receive approval from the State educational		
agencyBIE under clause (iii), a locally selected assessment shall—		
(I) be aligned to the <u>State's BIE's</u> academic content standards under		
paragraph (1), address the depth and breadth of such standards, and be		
equivalent in its content coverage, difficulty, and quality to the		
State <u>BIE</u> -designed assessments under this paragraph (and may be more		
rigorous in its content coverage and difficulty than such <u>StateBIE</u> -		
designed assessments);		
(II) provide comparable, valid, and reliable data on academic		
achievement, as compared to the <u>StateBIE</u> -designed assessments, for all		
students and for each subgroup of students defined in subsection (c)(2),		
with results expressed in terms consistent with the <u>State's BIE's</u>		
academic achievement standards under paragraph (1), among all local		
educational agencies within the State <u>BIE-funded schools;</u>		
(III) meet the requirements for the assessments under subparagraph (B)		
of this paragraph, including technical criteria, except the requirement		
under clause (i) of such subparagraph; and		
(IV) provide unbiased, rational, and consistent differentiation between schools within the StateBIE-funded schools to meet the requirements of		
subsection (c).		
(vi) PARENTAL NOTIFICATION.—A tribally governing body or school		
boardlocal educational		
agency shall notify the parents of high school students served by the local		
educational agency—		
(I) of its request to the State educational agency <u>BIE</u> for approval to		
administer a locally-selected assessment; and		
(II) upon approval, and at the beginning of		
each subsequent school year during which the locally selected		
assessment will be administered,		
assessment will be administered,		

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that the tribally governing body or school board local educational		
agency-will be administering a different assessment than the StateBIE-		Formatted: Highlight
designed selected assessments under subclause (I)(bb) and subclause		
(II)(cc) of subparagraph (B)(v).		
2(I) Deferral A State may defer the commencement, or suspend the	Questions-	
administration, but not cease the development, of the assessments described	Section 2(1) Deferral. How does this apply to BIE?	
in this paragraph, for 1 year for each year for which the amount appropriated	Action Item for BIE/Brian Quint	
for grants under part B is less than \$369,100,000.	ED: need not be in our regs.	
2(J) Adaptive Assessments	Comments-	
(i) IN GENERAL.—Subject to clause (ii) <del>, a State <u>BIE</u> retains the right to</del>	Ensure "State" (BIE) retains the right to develop computer adaptive tests that	
develop and administer computer adaptive assessments as the assessments	meet the requirements of ESSA to demonstrate student growth (ps)	
described in this paragraph, provided the computer adaptive assessments		
meet the requirements of this paragraph, except that—	Gives option to contract with NWEA or PARCC to develop interim	
(I) subparagraph (B)(i) shall not be interpreted to require that all students	assessments, provide summative, develop levels, demonstrate growth, etc. (ps)	
taking the computer adaptive assessment be administered the same	or any other assessment a tribe or school board selects (waiver) (ps)	
assessment items; and		
(II) such assessment—	A.Sub: Okay as is.	
(aa) shall measure, at a minimum, each student's academic proficiency		
based on the challenging State academic standards for the student's		
grade level and growth toward such standards; and		
(bb) may measure the student's level of academic proficiency and		
growth using items above or below the student's grade level, including		
for use as part of a State's the BIE's accountability system under		
subsection (c).		
(ii) STUDENTS WITH THE MOST SIGNIFICANT COGNITIVE		
DISABILITIES AND ENGLISH LEARNERS.—In developing and		
administering computer adaptive assessments—		
(I) as the assessments allowed under subparagraph (D), a <u>Statethe BIE</u>		
shall ensure that such computer adaptive assessments—		
(aa) meet the requirements of this paragraph, including subparagraph		
(D), except		
such assessments shall not be required to meet the requirements of		
clause (i)(II); and		
(bb) assess the student's academic achievement to measure, in the		
subject being assessed, whether the student is performing at the		
student's grade level; and		
(II) as the assessments required under subparagraph (G), a State shall		
ensure that such computer adaptive assessments—		
(aa) meet the requirements of this paragraph, including subparagraph		
(G), except such assessment shall not be required to meet the $(G)$		
requirements of clause (i)(II); and		
(bb) assess the student's language proficiency, which may include		

growth towards such proficiency, in order to measure the student's acquisition of English.	
2(K) Rule of Construction on Parental Rights –Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as preempting <u>tribal law at tribally controlled contract</u> or <u>grant schoola State or local law</u> -regarding the decision of a parent to not have the parent's child participate in the academic assessments under this paragraph.	<ul> <li>Comments- Where there is an opt out provision it must be in plain language and clear to the parents that they maintain that right.</li> <li>Parents right to exempt out of assessment still holds school accountable for 95% participation rate (ps)</li> <li>Questions- If state and tribe are equal, should this part of the regulation Tribe or School Board can do this as well? Section 2(K) Rule of Construction. How does the opt out option of parents impact the participation rate requirements in the accountability section requiring 95% participation?</li> <li>Laura/NIEA: See 200.2. If state has an opt out law, does federal law preempt state law.</li> <li>11/22/18 Subcommittee Discussion: Action Item: BIE to draft proposed language. Need to discuss how it effects BIE since it is a reference to state or local law. Is this a provision that does not need to be in regulations since it is in statutory law? Subcmt: see concern re 95% participation rate.</li> </ul>
2(L) Limitation on Assessment Time Subject to Federal or State requirements related to assessments, evaluations, and accommodations, each State <u>The Secretary</u> may, at the sole discretion of such State, set a target limit on the aggregate amount of time devoted to the administration of assessments for each grade, expressed as a percentage of annual instructional hours.	Comments-         Note: the limitation is couched as a 'may' == optional.         Questions-         Section 2(L) Who determines the time limits for assessments is it the LEA, or BIE?         What does "expressed as a percentage of annual instructional hours" mean?         See 25 CFR on instructional hours. Include reference in the regulation?         Clarify if this part of the regulation is specific to assessments in HS, required assessments or all assessments of the school
3. Exception for Recently Arrived English Learners (A) ASSESSMENTS. With respect to recently arrived English learners who have been enrolled in a school in one of the 50 States in the United States or the District of Columbia for less than 12 months, a State may choose to (i) exclude	Comments- A: In Southwest very low to non-existent. In NM region there are a number of students there are ELL. Tribally controlled schools use other assessments. BIE uses WIDEA but it is time intensive.

Assess. Subcmt Task 2 Sec. 1111 Assessments-redlines draft 120618

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(I) such an English learner from one administration of the reading or	In WY don't test ELL. In small districts the cost of testing ELL is an obstacle.	
language arts assessment required under paragraph (2); and		
(II) such an English learner's results on any of the assessments required	Questions-	
under paragraph	Section 3. Exception for English Learners. How many ELs are in the BIE	Formatted: Highlight
(2)(B)(v)(I) or (2)(G) for the first year of the English learner's enrollment in	student population?	
such a school for the purposes of the State determined accountability system		
under subsection (c); or	For sections that don't apply state that the section does not apply rather than	 Formatted: Highlight
(ii)(I) assess, and report the performance of, such	delete the section of the regulations.	
an English learner on the reading or language arts and mathematics		
assessments required under paragraph (2)(B)(v)(I) in each year of the		
student's enrollment in such a school; and		
(II) for the purposes of the State-determined accountability system -		
(aa) for the first year of the student's enrollment in such a school, exclude		
the results on the assessments described in subclause (I);		
(bb) include a measure of student growth on the assessments described in		
subclause (I) in the second year of the student's enrollment in such a school;		
and		
(cc) include proficiency on the assessments described in subclause (I) in the		
third year of the student's enrollment in such a school, and each succeeding		
year of such enrollment.		
(B) (A) ENGLISH LEARNER SUBGROUP.—With respect to a student		
previously identified as an English learner and for not more than 4 years		
after the student ceases to be identified as an English learner, a State <u>the BEI</u>		
may include the results of the student's assessments under paragraph		
(2)(B)(v)(I) within the English learner subgroup of the subgroups of students		
(as defined in subsection (c)(2)(D)) for the purposes of the <u>StateBIE</u> -		
determined accountability system.		

## Additional Comments/Questions from Pat sent 10/25/18. 11/20/18 Per Pat, questions below addressed at ALBQ meeting

- 1. The same language that is used in the waiver, "Tribes and tribal school boards" should be referenced in each section.
- 2. Agree with Leslie, that there should be clarification on BIE as a state. There is no statute that actually states that they are the our state, regardless, in the greater discussion of sovereignty tribes have the same authority as states, so tribes should be able to make the same educational decisions regulation should be explicit.
- 3. ESSA speaks specifically to measuring to demonstrate progress over time, so the assessment needs to provide the information required to measure growth. Right now, which of the assessments provide this information other than NWEA MAP. If a tribe seeks to utilize another assessment, the BIE will have to enter into a contract to create the assessment to meet the requirements of the law interim assessments that result in a summative assessment, levels of achievement: basic, proficient, advanced, and itemized score analysis. BIE also needs to be responsible for supplying the supplemental materials also a requirement of the law. ESSA states that these types of reports need to be available for parents and administrators to make informed decisions. BIE will need to foot the bill for these as part of regulation as they are currently not doing it for the PARCC assessments.

- 4. There are a number of assessments that have been used in the past, prior to PARCC, for example the Stanford 9, ITBS, State assessments; what are the standards these other assessments are based on? **11/20/18** Need clarity on what assessments are aligned to what standards.
- 5. In order to meet the requirement of the law the assessments there needs to be a set of "challenging standards." If we are to replace the high school assessment with ACT or the SAT, what are the standards to which these are aligned if an LEA decides to utilize these assessments?
- 6. Do we still have a set of national standards?
- 7. Request information from PARCC that their assessment was actually tested on a population of Native students prior to the first time PARCC was utilized. The information probably came after. Assessments must have comparable validity and reliability with subgroups assessed.
- 8. Tribes and tribal school boards can "waive" any part so can they waive both the standards and the assessment. If this is the case, the tribes and/or school boards use any assessment but they must also meet the other qualifications (interim, summative, levels, cut scores); can these also be waived?